different kinds of fertilisers in the country during the current year 1994-95:

(Lakh tonnes)

Name of fertiliser	Consumption	Production (April 94 to February 95	Imports @@
Urea	172.80	129.45	26.84 (upto 28-2-95)
Di-Ammonium phosphate (DAP) .	36.86	25.75	8.25 (approximate upto 31-12-94)
Muriate of Potash (MOP) . . .	13.20	..	15.45 (Approximate upto 31-12-94
Single Super Phosphate (SSP) . .	23.25	23.76	..
Complexes	35.41	31.76	..
Other straight Nitrogenous Fertilisers	10.86	11.73	..

@@Imports of DAP and MOP are decanalised. The budgetary provision for subsidy on fertilisers for 1994-95 is Rs. 5166 crores. In addition, Rs. 250 crores has so far been provided for concessional sale of decontrolled phosphatic asd potassic fertilisers.

Privatisation of Education

*175. SHRI K. R. MALKANI: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the new policies of privatisation of education as reported in the Press on Februry, 18, 1995;

(b) what exactly does Government propose to do to encourage private initiative and voluntary efforts in the field of education; and

(c) whether Government propose to make all donations to private educational institutions tax-free?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) to (c) The Government policy in regard to involvement of private sector is enunciated in the National Policy on Education, 1986 as updated in 1992. Inter alia, the Policy envisages that the nation as a whole will assume the responsibility of providing resource support for implementing programmes of educational transformation, reducing disparity, univeralisation of elementary education, adult literacy, scientific and technological research etc. The Policy further provides that non-Government and voluntary effort including social activist groups will be encouraged subject to proper management. In particular an alternative system will be devised to involve private and voluntary effort in technical and professional education in conformity with accepted norms and goals. Since 1993-94, Section 80 G of the Income-tax Act provides for 100 per cent deduction for donations made to universities and institutions of national importance. In the Budget 1995-96, the Income-tax Act is proposed to be amended to allow 100 per cent deduction for donation made to the Zilla Saksharata Samitis for primary and adult education.

Committee for Youth Programme

*176. SHRI JOYANTA ROY: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have constituted any Committee for youth programme; and

(b) if so, the members of the Committee and the criterion for the representation?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A Statement is laid on the Table of the Sabha.

Statement

Details regarding the member of the society and criterion for the representation

The Committee for National Youth Programme consists of 49 members and is Chaired by the Hon'ble Prime Minister. Minister-in-charge of Human Resource Development is Deputy Chairman, Minister of State for Youth Affairs and Sports is the Vice-Chairman. It has representations from the following:—

(i) State Ministers of Youth (One each from 5 regions)

(ii) Member of Parliament (below 35 years) from 5 Regions

(iii) Youth Leaders (below 35 years) from recognised National Level Political Parties (9 Nos.)

(iv) One Youth Leader each (below 35 years) from those National Political Parties representing minorities|States of Punjab and Jammu and Kashmir (3 members)

(v) Representations of Voluntary Organisations of outstanding merit (one from each Region—5 Nos.)

(vi) Members representing Scheduled Castes (5 Nos.)

(vii) Members representing Scheduled Tribes (3 Nos.)

(viii) Members representing minorities (4 Nos.)

(ix) Outstanding Sportspersons (2 Nos.)

(x) National Youth Awardees (3 Nos.)

(xi) National Commissioner, Bharat Scouts and Guides

(xii) Secretary General, Indian Olympic Association

(xiii) National Chairman, Youth Hostel Association of India

(xiv) Secretary, Department of Youth Affairs and Sports—Ex Officio

(xv) Joint Secretary, Department of Youth Affairs and Sports—Member Secretary, Ex-Officio.

Spurious Fertilizers

*177. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the spurious fertilisers are flooding in the markets in various parts of the country;

(b) if so, whether the prices of fertilisers have also risen steeply in the country; and

(c) if so, the steps taken by Government to check the prices and quality of fertilisers in the country?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (DR. BALRAM JAKHAR): (a) to (c) No, Sir. However sporadic cases have been reported from a few States.

The quality of fertilisers is regulated under the provisions of the Fertiliser (Control) Order, 1985 which empowers the State Governments to take action on complaints regarding manufacture|import and sale of spurious, non-standard and adulterated fertilisers.

The prices of Phosphatic and Potassic fertilisers have gone up since their decontrol in August, 1992. The Government is implementing a scheme to make these fertilisers available to farmers at concessional rates.

Setting up of Ammonia and Urea Plant by KRIBHCO

*178. SHRI DIPANKAR MUKHERJEE:
SHRIMATI CHANDRA KALA PANDEY:

Will the Minister of CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Krishak Bharti Cooperative Company Limited (KRIBHCO) had proposed to set up a gas-based 900 TPD